



length outer arc = $\frac{r+s}{2} \pi$
 length neutral plane = $\frac{r + \frac{s}{2}}{2} \pi$

elongation $\Delta x = \frac{s}{4} \cdot \pi$

strain $\frac{\Delta x}{x} = \frac{\Delta x}{\text{arc}} = \frac{\frac{s}{4} \cdot \pi \cdot 2}{(r + \frac{s}{2}) \pi} = \frac{\frac{s}{2}}{r + \frac{s}{2}}$

Young's modulus for instance $r = 80 \text{ mm}$, $s = 0,6 \text{ mm}$ → $\frac{0,3}{80,3} = 0,003736$

stress $\sigma = E \cdot \frac{\Delta x}{x} = 210.000 \cdot 0,003736 = 785 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$
 (Steel)

Hardness saw blade $\approx 65 \text{ HR}_c$ → tensile strength $\approx 2500 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$
 ... rupture...

yield point (estim.) (static load) $2000 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$

fatigue limit (pulsating forces) $\sim \frac{1}{3} \dots \frac{1}{4}$ of Yield → $670 \dots 500 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{mm}^2}$
 in analogy to screw steels

→ even a disk diameter of 160 is too small